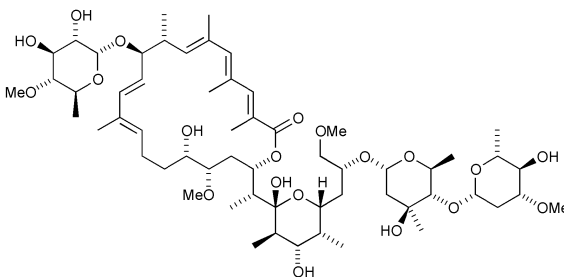
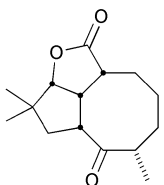
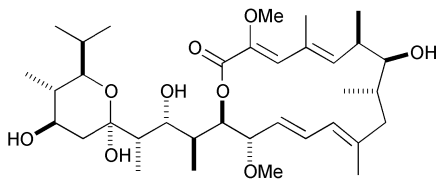
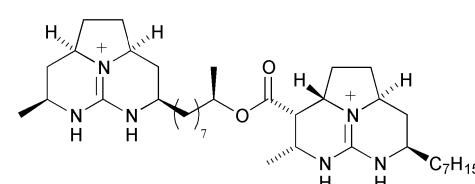
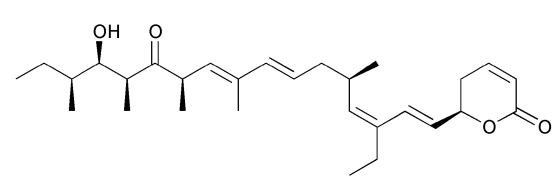


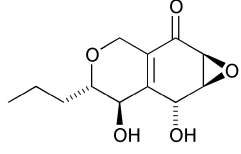
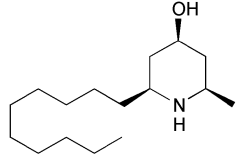
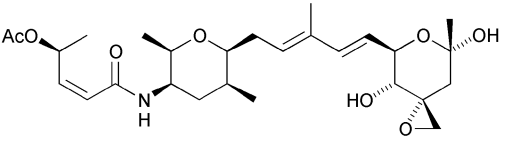
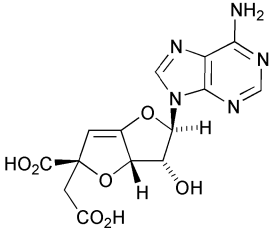
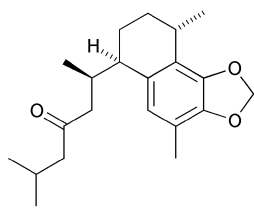
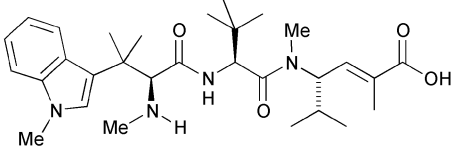
Andrew Gunn,^a Jacqueline E. Milne,^a Marcel de Puit^a and Duncan McArthur^b

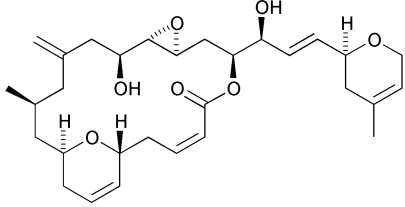
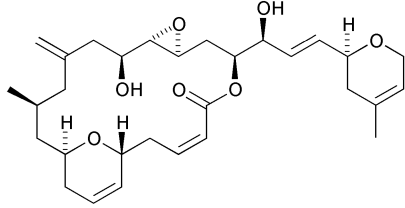
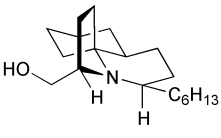
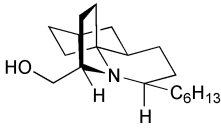
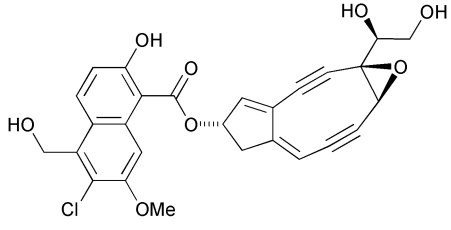
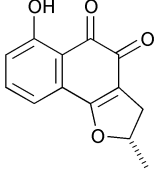
^a Department of Chemistry, Leeds University, Leeds, UK LS2 9JT

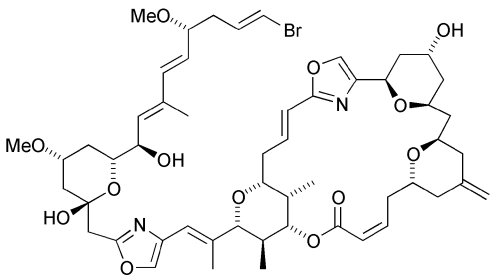
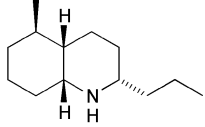
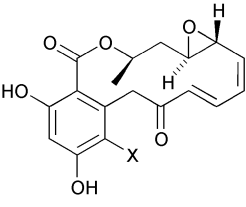
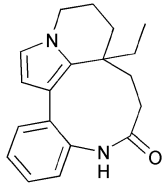
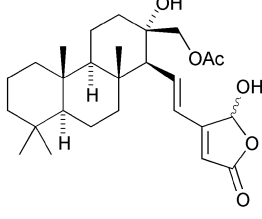
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Perkin 1 Abstracts: Natural Product Synthesis aims to highlight syntheses that have been recently published. It includes brief descriptions of *biological activity* and *key steps*. A more comprehensive list of Natural Product syntheses and isolations can be found in *Natural Product Updates*.

<p>Apoptolidine</p> <p><i>Biological activity:</i> (a) selective induction of apoptosis in rat glia cells transformed with adenovirus E1A oncogene; (b) inhibition of mitochondrial F₀F₁-ATPase</p> <p><i>Key steps:</i> (a) addition of a metallated dithiane to an aldehyde; (b) Stille coupling; (c) sulfoxide-based glycosidation; Yamaguchi macrolactonisation.</p> <p>K. C. Nicolaou, Y. Li, K. C. Fylaktakidou, H. J. Mitchell, H.-X. Wei and B. Weyershausen, <i>Angew. Chem., Int. Ed.</i>, 2001, 40, 3849; K. C. Nicolaou, Y. Li, K. C. Fylaktakidou, H. J. Mitchell and K. Sugita, <i>Angew. Chem., Int. Ed.</i>, 2001, 40, 3854.</p>	
<p>(±)-Asteriscanolide</p> <p><i>Biological activity:</i> (a) isolated from <i>Asteriscus aquaticus</i>; (b) biological activity not reported.</p> <p><i>Key steps:</i> (a) intermolecular Pauson–Khand cycloaddition; (b) ring-closing metathesis.</p> <p>M. E. Krafft, Y. Y. Cheung and K. A. Abboud, <i>J. Org. Chem.</i>, 2001, 66, 7443.</p>	
<p>(–)-Bafilomycin A₁</p> <p><i>Biological activity:</i> vacuolar ATPase inhibitor.</p> <p><i>Key steps:</i> (a) carboalumination of a terminal alkyne; (b) Stille coupling; (c) diastereoselective conjugate addition of Me₂CuLi to enolate esters flanked by a stereogenic centre.</p> <p>S. Hanessian, J. Ma and W. Wang, <i>J. Am. Chem. Soc.</i>, 2001, 123, 10200.</p>	
<p>Batzelladine F</p> <p><i>Biological activity:</i> (a) isolated from a red Jamaican sponge; (b) induces dissociation of protein tyrosine kinase p56^{lck} from CD4.</p> <p><i>Key steps:</i> two tethered Biginelli condensation reactions.</p> <p>F. Cohen and L. E. Overman, <i>J. Am. Chem. Soc.</i>, 2001, 123, 10782.</p>	
<p>(–)-Callystatin A</p> <p><i>Biological activity:</i> (a) isolated from <i>Callyspongia truncata</i>; (b) inhibitor of tumour growth.</p> <p><i>Key steps:</i> (a) Heck coupling reaction; (b) Wittig olefination; (c) stereoselective aldol reaction.</p> <p>M. Kalesse, M. Quitschalle, C. P. Khandavalli, and A. Saeed, <i>Org. Lett.</i>, 2001, 3, 3107.</p>	

<p>(-)-Cycloepoxydon</p> <p><i>Biological activity:</i> (a) isolated from fermentations of a deuteromycete strain; (b) inhibits degradation of IκBα, thereby inhibiting activation of NF-κB; (c) inhibits tumour necrosis factor (TNF)-induced NF-κB DNA binding in mouse 3T3 cells.</p> <p><i>Key steps:</i> (a) <i>endo</i>-cyclisation of an epoxy alcohol; (b) reagent-controlled asymmetric nucleophilic epoxidation of a quinone monoketal.</p> <p>C. Li, E. A. Pace, M.-C. Liang, E. Lobkovsky, T. D. Gilmore and J. A. Porco, <i>J. Am. Chem. Soc.</i>, 2001, 123, 11308.</p>	
<p>Dendrobate alkaloid (+)-241D</p> <p><i>Biological activity:</i> (a) isolated from the skin extracts of dendrobate frogs; (b) racemate inhibits binding of [3H]perhydrohistrionicotoxin to nicotinic receptor channels of electropax membranes; (c) blocks the action of acetylcholine through noncompetitive blockage of the nicotinic receptor-channel complex.</p> <p><i>Key steps:</i> intramolecular Mannich reaction of an δ-amino β-keto ester with an aldehyde, forming a polysubstituted piperidine.</p> <p>F. A. Davis, B. Chao and A. Rao, <i>Org. Lett.</i>, 2001, 3, 3169.</p>	
<p>FR901464</p> <p><i>Biological activity:</i> (a) induces G$_1$ and G$_2$/M phase arrest in tumour cells; (b) causes changes in chromatin structure; (c) strongly differentiated transcriptional regulation.</p> <p><i>Key steps:</i> (a) chiral pool synthesis beginning with L-threonine, ethyl (<i>S</i>)-lactate and 2-deoxy-D-glucose; (b) Horner-Wadsworth-Emmons olefination of a thiolactone; (c) Julia olefination to generate a conjugated diene.</p> <p>M. Horigome, H. Motoyoshi, H. Watanabe and T. Kitahara, <i>Tetrahedron Lett.</i>, 2001, 42, 8207.</p>	
<p>Griseolic acid B</p> <p><i>Biological activity:</i> (a) isolated from a cultured broth of <i>Streptomyces griseoaurantiacus</i>; (b) exhibits nanomolar inhibition of cyclic AMP.</p> <p><i>Key steps:</i> π-face-dependent radical cyclisation.</p> <p>S. Knapp, M. R. Madduru, Z. Lu, G. J. Morriello, T. J. Emge and G. A. Doss, <i>Org. Lett.</i>, 2001, 3, 3583.</p>	
<p>11-<i>epi</i>-Helioporin B</p> <p><i>Biological activity:</i> not reported.</p> <p><i>Key steps:</i> stereoselective nucleophilic <i>endo</i> addition to an arene-Cr(CO)$_3$ complex.</p> <p>F. Dehmel and H.-G. Schmalz, <i>Org. Lett.</i>, 2001, 3, 3579.</p>	
<p>(-)-Hemiasterlin</p> <p><i>Biological activity:</i> (a) isolated from marine sponges; (b) cytotoxic; (c) antimitotic.</p> <p><i>Key steps:</i> (a) asymmetric Strecker synthesis; (b) coupling of two sterically hindered amino acid residues exploiting the high reactivity of a 2-benzothiazolylsulfonyl-protected amino acid chloride.</p> <p>E. Vedejs and C. Kongkittigam, <i>J. Org. Chem.</i>, 2001, 66, 7355.</p>	

<p>(-)-Laulimalide</p> <p><i>Biological activity:</i> cytotoxicity against several human tumour cell lines with IC₅₀ 10–50 ng/ml.</p> <p><i>Key steps:</i> (a) ring closing metathesis to generate both dihydropyran rings; (b) Julia-Kocienski olefination; (c) reaction of a metallated sulfone with ICH₂MgCl to generate exocyclic methylene; (d) intramolecular Sharpless kinetic resolution.</p> <p>J. Mulzer and E. Öhler, <i>Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.</i>, 2001, 40, 3842.</p>	
<p>(-)-Laulimalide</p> <p><i>Biological activity:</i> (a) isolated from the Pacific sponges <i>Hyatella</i> sp. and <i>Spongia mycofijiensis</i>, and the Okinawan sponge <i>Fasciospongia rimoso</i>; (b) potent microtubule-stabilising anticancer agent with activity against numerous cancer cell lines (IC₅₀ values in the low nanomolar range).</p> <p><i>Key steps:</i> (a) Jacobsen's hetero-Diels–Alder reaction; (b) diastereoselective aldol coupling using chiral boron enolate methodology; (c) Mitsunobu macrolactonisation; (d) Sharpless asymmetric epoxidation reaction.</p> <p>I. Paterson, C. D. Savi, and M. Tudge, <i>Org. Lett.</i>, 2001, 3, 3149.</p>	
<p>(±)-Lepadiformine</p> <p><i>Biological activity:</i> (a) isolated from the tunicate <i>Clavelina lepadiformis</i>; (b) exhibits moderate <i>in vitro</i> cytotoxic activity against several tumour lines.</p> <p><i>Key steps:</i> stereoselective intramolecular spirocyclisation of an allylsilane and an <i>N</i>-acyliminium ion.</p> <p>P. Sun, C. Sun and S. M. Weinreb, <i>Org. Lett.</i>, 2001, 3, 3507.</p>	
<p>(±) Lepadiformine</p> <p><i>Biological activity:</i> (a) isolated from the tunicate <i>Clavelina lepadiformis</i>; (b) exhibits moderate <i>in vitro</i> cytotoxic activity against several tumour lines.</p> <p><i>Key steps:</i> (a) intermolecular cycloaddition of a 2-amidoacrolein with the dimethyl acetal of hepta-4,6-dienal; (b) Mitsunobu ring-closing reaction to form an aziridine; (c) diastereoselective addition of an organoytterbium reagent to an aldehyde.</p> <p>T. J. Greshock and R. L. Funk, <i>Org. Lett.</i>, 2001, 3, 3511.</p>	
<p>N1999-A2</p> <p><i>Biological activity:</i> (a) antibacterial; (b) antitumour; (c) cleaves DNA in a base-specific manner.</p> <p><i>Key steps:</i> Sonogashira coupling.</p> <p>S. Kobayashi, S. Ashizawa, Y. Takahashi, Y. Sugiura, M. Nagaoka, M. J. Lear and M. Hirama, <i>J. Am. Chem. Soc.</i>, 2001, 123, 11294.</p>	
<p>(-)-Nocardione A</p> <p><i>Biological activity:</i> (a) isolated from the culture broth of <i>Nocardia</i> sp. TP-A0248; (b) tyrosine phosphatase inhibitor; (c) antifungal; (d) cytotoxic.</p> <p><i>Key steps:</i> construction of the dihydrofuran ring <i>via</i> a ring closing Mitsunobu reaction.</p> <p>Y. Tanada and K. Mori, <i>Eur. J. Org. Chem.</i>, 2001, 4313.</p>	

<p>(+)-Phorboxazole</p> <p><i>Biological activity:</i> antimitotic agent; arrests the cell cycle at the S phase and does not affect tubulin.</p> <p><i>Key steps:</i> (a) Petasis-Ferrier rearrangement to construct two <i>cis</i>-tetrahydropyran rings; (b) two Stille couplings: one to construct the conjugated diene and the other to append an alkene to an oxazole ring.</p> <p>A. B. Smith, K. B. Minbiole, P. R. Verhoest and M. Schelhaas, <i>J. Am. Chem. Soc.</i>, 2001, 123, 10942.</p>	
<p>(±)-Pumiliotoxin C</p> <p><i>Biological activity:</i> (a) isolated from skin extracts of the Panamanian poisonous frog <i>Dendrobates pumilio</i>; (b) biological activity not reported.</p> <p><i>Key steps:</i> formation of a quinoline by the reaction of a ketoalkyne with a titanium-nitrogen complex prepared from molecular nitrogen.</p> <p>M. Akashi, Y. Sato and M. Mori, <i>J. Org. Chem.</i>, 2001, 66, 7873.</p>	
<p>Radicalol and Monocillin I</p> <p><i>Biological activity:</i> Suppresses the transformed phenotype caused by various oncogenes such as <i>src</i>, <i>ras</i> and <i>raf</i> via inhibition of the Hsp90 molecular chaperone.</p> <p><i>Key steps:</i> (a) metallated dithiane alkylation; (b) ring-closing metathesis.</p> <p>R. M. Garbaccio, S. J. Stachel, D. K. Baeschlin and S. J. Danishefsky, <i>J. Am. Chem. Soc.</i>, 2001, 123, 10903.</p>	 <p>X = Cl Radicalol X = H Monocillin I</p>
<p>(±)-Rhazinilam</p> <p><i>Biological activity:</i> (a) isolated from a number of plant sources such as <i>Rhazya stricta</i> Decaisne, <i>Melodinus australis</i> and <i>Kopsia singapurensis</i>; (b) mimics the cellular effects of paclitaxel.</p> <p><i>Key steps:</i> conversion of a lactam into an annulated pyrrole derivative via the formation of a thiophenyl imino ether.</p> <p>P. Magnus and T. Rainey, <i>Tetrahedron</i>, 2001, 57, 8647.</p>	
<p>(-)-Spongianolide A</p> <p><i>Biological activity:</i> (a) isolated from the marine sponge <i>Spongia</i> sp.; (b) inhibits proliferation of the mammary tumour cell line MCF-7 ($IC_{50} = 0.5-1.4 \mu\text{M}$); (c) inhibits proliferation of protein kinase C (PKC) ($IC_{50} = 20-30 \mu\text{M}$).</p> <p><i>Key steps:</i> tin tetrachloride mediated olefin cyclisation.</p> <p>N. Furuichi, T. Hata, H. Soetjijto, M. Kato, and S. Katsumura, <i>Tetrahedron</i>, 2001, 57, 8425.</p>	
<p>(±)-Thielocin A1β</p> <p><i>Source:</i> culture broths of ascomycetes <i>Thielavia terricola</i> RF-143.</p> <p><i>Biological activity:</i> inhibitor of human secretory phospholipase A₂.</p> <p><i>Key steps:</i> reaction of a cyclohexadienone with a quinone methide to create the linear tricyclic ring system.</p> <p>Y. Genisson, P. C. Tyler, R. G. Ball and R. N. Young, <i>J. Am. Chem. Soc.</i>, 2001, 123, 11381.</p>	